Rotman

INTRO TO R – TIME SERIES & FINANCE PACKAGES

R Workshop – Part 4 (2)

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What's Time Series (TS)

- A series of values obtained at successive times
 - A series of numerical values
 - With associated timestamps (or start, end, and frequency if equi-interval)
- Typical operations on a time series
 - lead, lag, difference, rolling window aggregation, etc.
 - time-aware subsetting
- Typical statistics
 - moving average, returns, etc.
 - autocorrelation function (ACF), partial ACF, etc.
 - trend, seasonality, stationarity, etc.



How to Store Time Series (TS) in R

- From what we have seen so far
 - Vectors (with names as timestamps)
 - Matrices (with row names as timestamps)
 - Dataframes/tibbles with a timestamp column
- What we really need
 - Store time series efficiently
 - More importantly, be able to manipulate time series efficiently
 - i.e. need associated functions/packages that can efficiently operate on stored time series (lead, lag, smooth, moving average, etc.)

Current Status of R TS Data Structures

- A vast number of Time Series Data Structures
- Each has associated packages
 - for TS manipulation
 - for TS analysis/modeling



Oldies but Goodies

- **ts** class: a class for equi-spaced time series
 - what's a "class": a data structure with associated operations (methods)
- zoo class
 - can handle regular- and irregular-spaced time series
 - can use arbitrary classes for the timestamps
- xts class
 - built on zoo with more functions for data processing
 - can uniformly handle different time-based data classes (e.g.zoo, timeSeries, etc.)
- Many more
 - timeSeries class in timeSeries package
 - tis class from tis package

New Kids in Town – Tidy Data Converts

- <u>tsibble</u>, a new time series class (tbl_ts) built on <u>tibble</u>
 - from tsibble package: time-based dataframe/tibble
 - Part of <u>tidyverts</u> ecosystem (not tidyverse) for time series
- <u>tibble</u>, but make it "time-aware" whenever needed
 - tidyquant
 - e.g., convert tibble to xts when interfacing with other packages that operates on xts
 - modeltime and its ecosystem
 - a consistent way to do time series analysis using many other time series packages
 - same team behind tidyquant
 - prophet
 - time series forecast (from Facebook/Meta) based on additive model
 - work directly with tibble from tidyverse

Which One Should You Use

- Try "New Kids" and their eco-system first
 - They mostly follow the tidy data & tidyverse framework for data wrangling, something you are familiar with from tabular data
 - Not our focus today, but we will mention a few packages
- If "New Kids" can't do the job, fall back to "Oldies but Goodies"
 - Many old but potentially useful TS packages still uses traditional TS DS
 - We will focus on ts and xts and a few related TS and finance packages today
- Use both ("hybrid-mode")
 - convert between time series data structures (e.g. using <u>tsbox</u>, etc.)

New Kids TS Ecosystem (1)

- <u>tsibble</u>, a new time series class (tbl_ts) built on tibble
 - from tsibble package: time-based dataframe/tibble
 - Part of <u>tidyverts</u> ecosystem (not tidyverse) for time series



New Kids TS Ecosystem (2)

- modeltime and its ecosystem
 - a consistent way to do time series analysis
 - kind of like tidymodel for TS
 - build on many other time series packages
 - i.e., a super "wrapper" of other R packages
 - very new so...

• <u>tidyquant</u>

- integrates resources for collecting and analyzing financial data (xts, <u>quantmod</u>, <u>TTR</u>(Technical Trading Rule) and <u>PerformanceAnalytics</u>)
 - i.e., a super "wrapper" too
- work with tibble from tidyverse



tidyquant

New Kids TS Ecosystem (3)

- prophet
 - a specific time series forecast procedure based on additive model
 - robust to outliers, missing data, and dramatic changes in your time series
 - tunable
 - work directly with **tibble** from tidyverse
 - built by Facebook/Meta (Facebook/Meta Open Source)



ts class

- A class for equi-spaced time series supported by base R
- Data is stored as
 - a vector (univariate) or matrix (multi-variate) with attributes...
 - "class": ts
 - "tsp" (time series parameters): a numerical vector recording (start, end, freq)
- Many functions/packages work well with ts object
 - e.g., <u>forecast</u> package

ts class – how are data stored / 1

```
> ts_obj <- ts(1:10, frequency = 4, start = c(2017, 2)) # 2nd Quarter of 2017</pre>
```

- > ts_obj
 - Qtr1 Qtr2 Qtr3 Qtr4
- 2017 1 2 3
- 2018 4 5 6 7
- 2019 8 9 10

```
>
```

```
> typeof(ts_obj)
```

```
[1] "integer"
```

```
>
```

```
> class(ts_obj)
[1] "ts"
```

ts class – how are data stored / 2

> attributes(ts_obj)

\$tsp

[1] 2017.25 2019.50 4.00

\$class

[1] "ts"

ts class – associated time-aware operations

<pre>> cycle(ts_obj)</pre>						> ts_obj							
Q	tr1 Ç)tr2 Q	tr3	Qtr4					Qtr1	Qtr2	Qtr3	Qtr4	
2017		2	3	4				2017		1	2	3	
2018	1	2	3	4				2018	4	5	6	7	
2019	1	2	3					2019	8	9	10		
>													
<pre>> diff(ts_obj, 4)</pre>													
Q	tr1 Ç	Qtr2 Q	tr3	Qtr4									
2018		4	4	4									
2019	4	4	4										
>													
# see	noteb	ook f	or m	ore, a	nd the	"fored	ast" p	backag	es in	tro			

xts class

- xts extends zoo
 - zoo can handle regular- and irregular-spaced time series; so does xts
- xts can use arbitrary classes for timestamps
- Compatible with zoo and other time-series classes in other packages
- Many functions/packages work well with xts object
 - e.g., <u>forecast</u>, <u>quantmod</u>, and <u>PerformanceAnalytics</u>

xts class – how are data stored / 1

```
> x <- matrix(1:6, ncol = 2)</pre>
> print(x)
     [,1] [,2]
[1,] 1 4
[2,] 2 5
[3,] 3 6
>
> idx <- as.Date(c("2019-01-01", "2019-01-02", "2019-01-05"))</pre>
> print(idx)
[1] "2019-01-01" "2019-01-02" "2019-01-05"
```

xts class – how are data stored / 2

> xts_obj <	- xts	5 (X,	order.by	=	idx)
> xts_obj					
	[,1]	[,2]			
2019-01-01	1	4	ŀ		
2019-01-02	2	5			
2019-01-05	3	e	5		

> typeof(xts_obj)
[1] "integer"

> class(xts_obj)
[1] "xts" "zoo"

xts class – how are data stored / 3

```
> str(attributes(xts_obj))
```

List of 3

```
$ dim : int [1:2] 3 2
```

```
$ index: num [1:3] 1.55e+09 1.55e+09 1.55e+09
```

```
..- attr(*, "tzone")= chr "UTC"
```

```
..- attr(*, "tclass")= chr "Date"
```

```
$ class: chr [1:2] "xts" "zoo"
```

xts class – associated time-aware operations

- > # use quantmod package to get data from yahoo finance
- > library(quantmod)
- > msft <- getSymbols("MSFT",</pre>

```
from = "2018-12-31",
to = "2019-12-31",
auto.assign = FALSE)
```

> # msft_xts is an xts object
> class(msft_xts)

```
[1] "xts" "zoo"
```

>

xts class – associated time-aware operations

> # get data for all Monday in 2019 (time-aware subsetting)

...

```
> msft[.indexyear(msft) == (2019 - 1900) & .indexwday(msft) == 1]
```

MSFT.Open MSFT.High MSFT.Low MSFT.Close MSFT.Volume MSFT.Adjusted 2019-01-07 101.64 103.27 100.98 102.06 35656100 102.06 2019-01-14 101.90 102.87 101.26 102.05 28437100 102.05 2019-01-28 106.26 106.48 105.08 29476700 105.08 104.66 2019-02-04 102.87 105.80 102.77 105.74 31315100 105.74

see notebook for more, and the "PerformanceAnalytics" package intro

Resources

- <u>a Little book of R for Time Series</u>
 - uses traditional time series data structures & related packages
- Forecasting: Principles and Practice (2nd ed)
 - uses forecast packages
- Forecasting: Principles and Practice (3rd ed.)
 - uses tsibble and fable packages



• Financial Engineering Analytics: A Practice Manual Using R

Appendix 1: Too Many TS Data Structures!

• <u>tsbox</u>

- provides conversion between many time series data structures
- an attempt to unite time series data structure in R

Appendix 2: RQuantLib

- <u>QuantLib</u>
 - a comprehensive free/open-source library for quantitative finance
 - Written in C++
- <u>RQuantLib</u>
 - makes part of QuantLib accessible from R
 - i.e., RQuantLib is an R interface to QuantLib
 - So far, good with
 - Option pricing
 - Fixed incomes